

2021 HVAC

Hvac - Manual - Canyon, Colorado

SPECIFICATIONS

FASTENER SPECIFICATIONS

Reusable Threaded Fastener Tightening Specifications

NOTE:

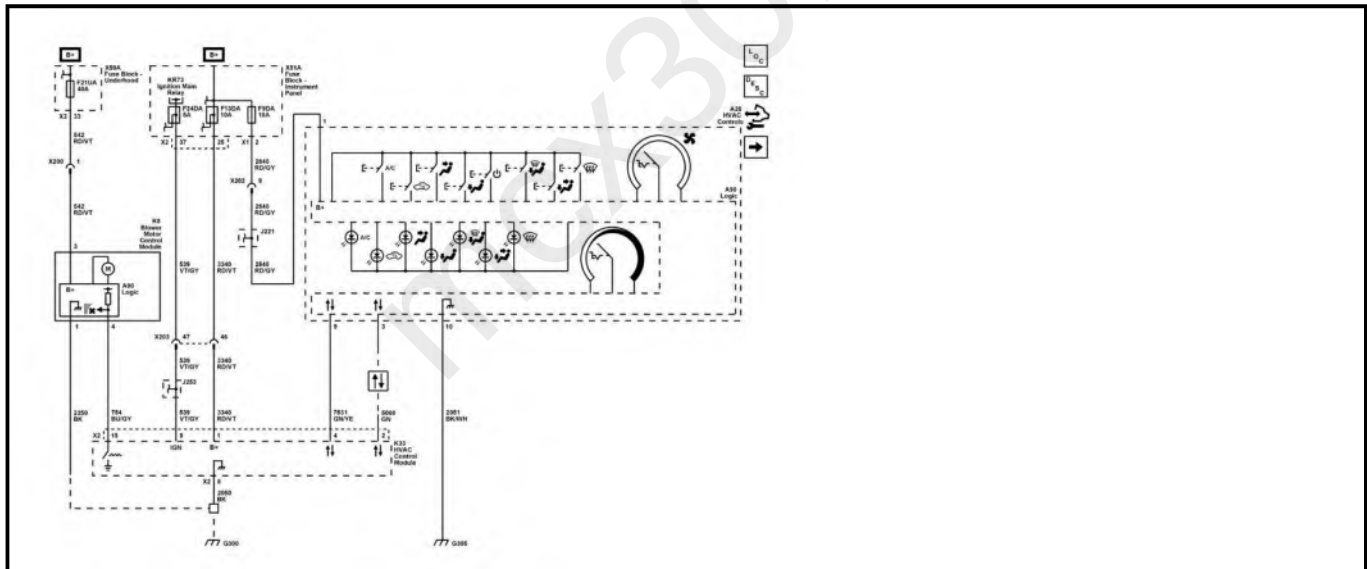
All fasteners listed in this table can be reused after removal.

Application	Specification
	Metric (English)
Air Inlet Valve Actuator Fastener	1.3 N.m (12 lb in)
Mode Valve Link Fastener	1.5 N.m (13 lb in)
Temperature Valve Actuator Fastener	1.3 N.m (12 lb in)

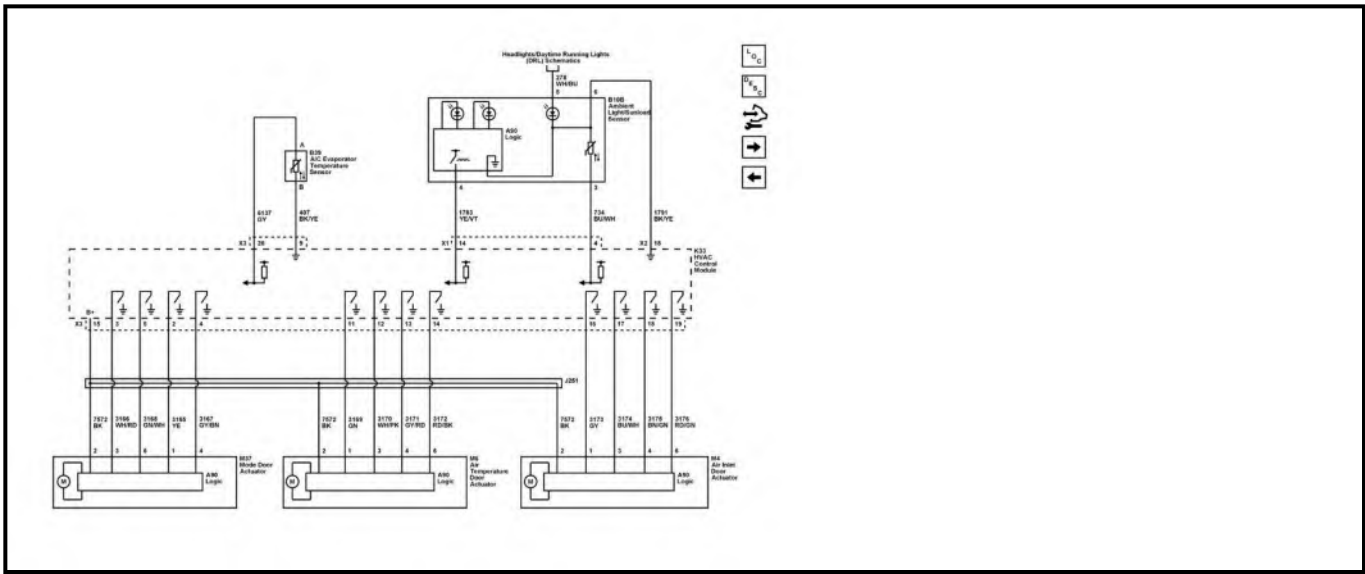
SCHEMATIC WIRING DIAGRAMS

HVAC WIRING SCHEMATICS

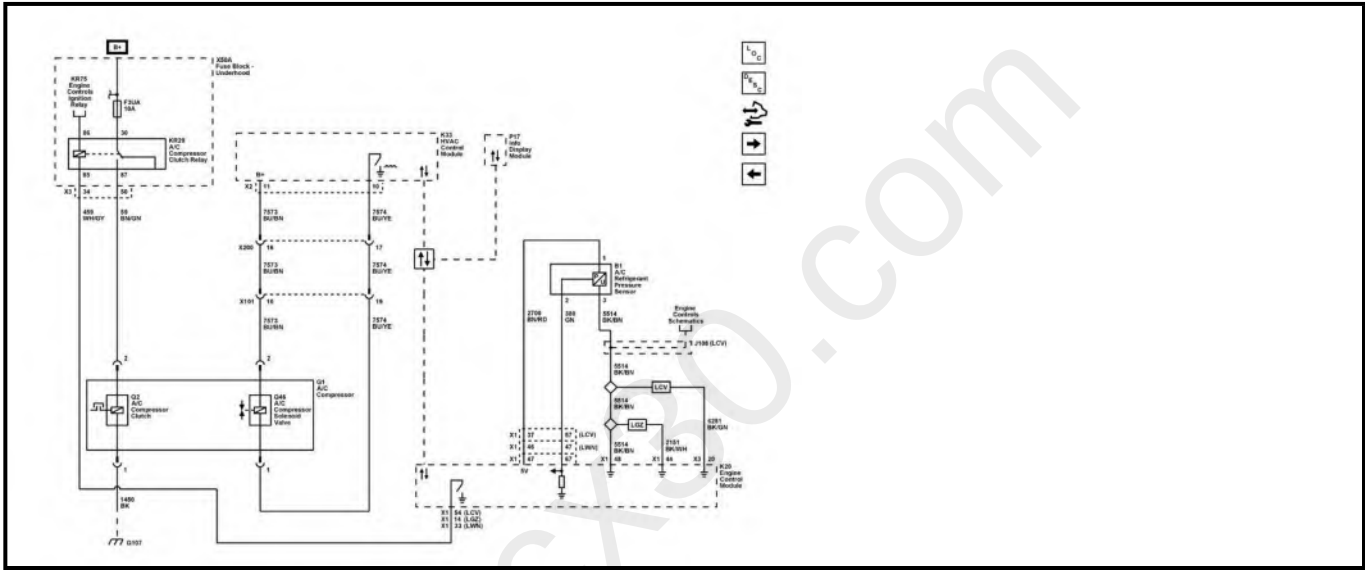
Power, Ground, Serial Data, HVAC and Blower Controls



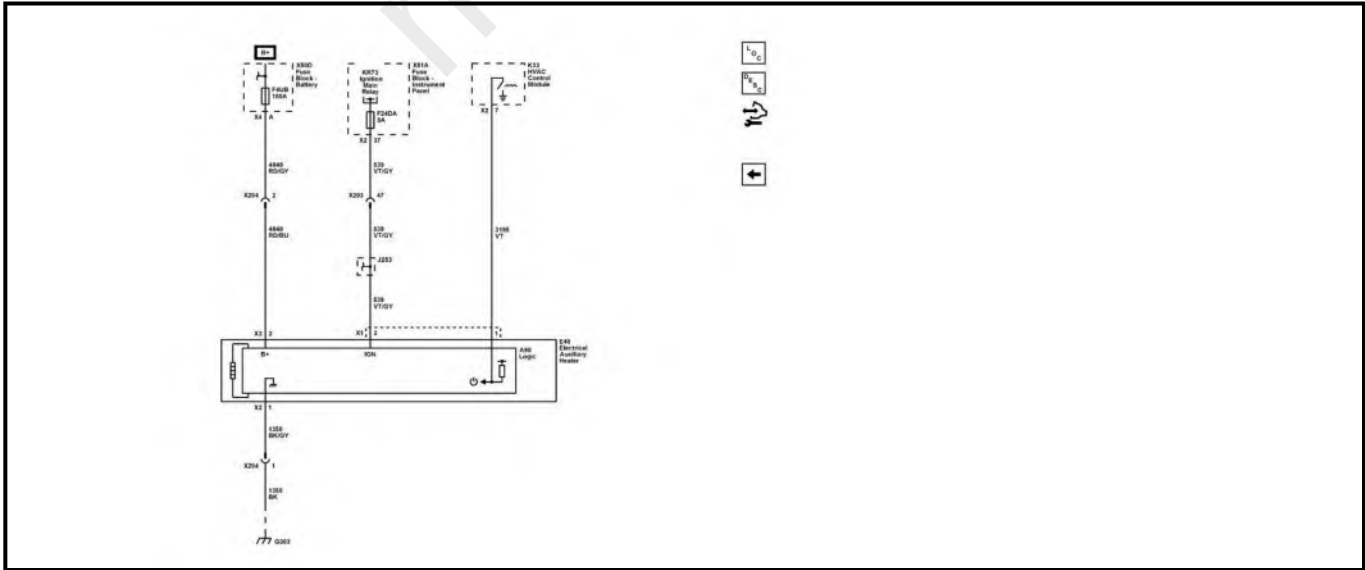
Temperature Sensors and Actuators



A/C Compressor Controls



Auxiliary Heater (LWN)



DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION AND PROCEDURES

HVAC COMPONENT REPLACEMENT REFERENCE

Component	Repair Instruction
A26 HVAC Controls	Heater and Air Conditioning Control Replacement
B1 A/C Refrigerant Pressure Sensor	Air Conditioning Refrigerant Pressure Sensor Replacement (LCV, LWN) , or Air Conditioning Refrigerant Pressure Sensor Replacement (LGZ)
B39 A/C Evaporator Temperature Sensor	Air Conditioning Evaporator Air Temperature Sensor Replacement
E40 Electrical Auxiliary Heater	Heater Core Replacement , or Heater Core Replacement (Auxiliary C32 LWN)
G1 A/C Compressor	Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LCV) , or Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LWN) , or Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LGZ)
K33 HVAC Control Module	Heater and Air Conditioning Remote Control Replacement
K8 Blower Motor Control Module	Blower Motor Replacement
M37 Mode Door Actuator	Mode Valve Actuator Replacement
M4 Air Inlet Door Actuator	Air Inlet Valve Actuator Replacement
M6 Air Temperature Door Actuator	Temperature Valve Actuator Replacement
Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch	Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LCV) , or Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LWN) , or Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LGZ)
Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve	Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LCV) , or Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LWN) , or Air Conditioning Compressor Replacement (LGZ)

DTC B0193

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

DTC Descriptors

DTC B0193 01

Front Blower Motor Speed Circuit Short to Battery

DTC B0193 06

Front Blower Motor Speed Circuit Low Voltage/Open

Diagnostic Fault Information

Circuit	Short to Ground	Open/High Resistance	Short to Voltage	Signal Performance
B+	B0193 06	B0193 06	-	-
Control	B0193 06	B0193 06	B0193 01	-
Ground	-	B0193 06	-	-

Circuit/System Description

The blower motor speed control signal from the HVAC control module, battery positive and ground circuits enable the blower motor to operate. The blower motor control circuitry is integrated within the blower motor assembly. The HVAC control module provides a ground pulse width modulation (PWM) signal to the blower motor to request a specific motor speed. The blower motor translates the PWM signal and drives the motor accordingly.

Conditions for Running the DTC

- Ignition ON.
- The HVAC control module is ON.

Conditions for Setting the DTC

B0193 01

The voltage at the HVAC control module output to the blower motor control module is always high.

B0193 06

The voltage at the HVAC control module output to the blower motor control module is always low or fluctuating.

Action Taken When the DTC Sets

The blower motor is inoperative.

Conditions for Clearing the DTC

The condition for setting the DTC is no longer present.

Diagnostic Aids

The design of this motor does not allow for bench testing. The motor will not operate by simply applying power and ground.

Inspect the motor shaft for rust or other foreign material which may prohibit proper motor operation.

Check for Preliminary Information or Technical Service Bulletins.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

HVAC Wiring Schematics

Connector End View Reference

[Master Electrical Component List](#) , or [Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index](#) or [Component Connector End Views - Index](#)

Description and Operation

Manual HVAC Description and Operation

Electrical Information Reference

- [Circuit Testing](#)
- [Connector Repairs](#)
- [Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections](#)
- [Wiring Repairs](#)

Control Module References for scan tool information

Circuit/System Testing

1. Ignition OFF and all vehicle systems OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the M8 Blower Motor. It may take up to 10 min for all vehicle systems to power down.
2. Test for less than 10 Ω between the ground circuit terminal 1 and ground.
 - **If 10 Ω or greater**
 1. Ignition OFF.
 2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the ground circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , repair the open/high resistance in the ground connection.
 - **Go to next step: If less than 10 Ω**
3. Verify a test lamp illuminates between the B+ circuit terminal 3 and ground.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is good**
 1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp.
 2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the B+ circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , verify the fuse is not open and there is voltage at the fuse.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is open**
 1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp.
 2. Test for infinite resistance between the B+ circuit and ground.
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
 - If infinite resistance, replace the M8 Blower Motor.
 - **Go to next step: If the test lamp illuminates**
4. Remove the test lamp.
5. Ignition ON. Test for less than 1 V between the control circuit terminal 4 and ground.
 - **If 1 V or greater**
 1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the X2 harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module. Ignition ON.
 2. Test for less than 1 V between the control circuit and ground.
 - If 1 V or greater, repair the short to voltage on the circuit.
 - If less than 1 V, replace the K33 HVAC Control Module
 - **Go to next step: If less than 1 V**
6. Ignition OFF. It may take up to 10 min for all vehicle systems to power down.
7. Test for infinite resistance between the control circuit terminal 4 and ground.
 - **If less than infinite resistance**
 1. Disconnect the X2 harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module.
 2. Test for infinite resistance between the control circuit and ground.
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
 - If infinite resistance, replace the K33 HVAC Control Module
 - **Go to next step: If infinite resistance**

NOTE: Verify the ignition is OFF before connecting the blower motor or incorrect test results may occur.

8. Ignition OFF, connect the harness connector at the M8 Blower Motor. Ignition ON.
9. While backprobing terminal 4 at the M8 Blower Motor, test for greater than 1 V between control circuit and ground.
 - **If less than 1 V**

Replace the M8 Blower Motor.
 - **Go to next step: If 1 V or greater**
10. Verify the voltage decreases and increases while using the controls to change the blower speed selection.
 - **If the voltage does not decrease and increase as the blower speed selection is changed**
 1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the X2 harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module.
 2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the control circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.
 - **Go to next step: If the voltage decreases and increases as the blower speed selection is changed**
11. Replace the M8 Blower Motor.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

DTC B0223, B0233, B023A, OR B0408

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

DTC Descriptor

DTC B0223

Recirculate Position Command 1 Circuit

DTC B0233

Air Flow Control Circuit

DTC B023A

HVAC Actuators Supply Voltage

DTC B0408

Main Temperature Control Circuit

For symptom byte information, refer to [Symptom Byte List](#).

Diagnostic Fault Information

Circuit	Short to Ground	Open/High Resistance	Short to Voltage	Signal Performance
Stepper Motors 12 V Reference	B023A 02, B0223 06, B0233 06, B0408 06,	B0223 06, B0233 06, B0408 06,	-	-
Recirculation Actuator Control Circuits	B0223 06	B0223 06	B0223 01	1
Air Temperature Actuator Control Circuits	B0408 06	B0408 06	B0408 01	1
Mode Actuator Control Circuits	B0233 06	B0233 06	B0233 01	1
1. HVAC Malfunction				

Circuit/System Description

Stepper motors are used for temperature regulation, air distribution control, and recirculation door control.

With the switches, buttons, and dials on the HVAC controls, air temperature door position, mode door position, and recirculation door position can be selected. The selected values are passed to the HVAC control module via serial data. The HVAC control module supplies a switched 12 V control voltage to the stepper motors and energizes the 4 stepper motor coils with a pulsed ground signal. The stepper motors move the appropriate doors to the requested positions.

Conditions for Running the DTC

- Ignition ON.
- The HVAC control module is ON.

Conditions for Setting the DTC

B023A 02

The stepper motors supply output is shorted to ground.

B0223 01, B0233 01, or B0408 01

At least one control circuits of the appropriate stepper motor is shorted to voltage when motor starts moving. Faults are not detected when motor is already running or target position is already reached.

B0223 06, B0233 06, or B0408 06

At least one control circuits of the appropriate stepper motor is shorted to ground or open when motor starts moving. Faults are not detected when motor is already running or target position is already reached.

Action Taken When the DTC Sets

B023A 02

- The affected output will be switched off for hardware protection.
- All stepper motors are deactivated.

B0223, B0233, B023A, or 0408

- The affected output will be switched off for hardware protection.
- The affected stepper motor is deactivated.

Conditions for Clearing the DTC

The condition for setting the DTC is no longer present.

Diagnostic Aids

During diagnosis, it is important to verify that the air control door and any associated components (linkage, cams, gears, etc.) operate properly. Inspect for any conditions that may limit or prevent the air control door from moving smoothly or moving through its full range of travel. Any mechanical issues should be corrected first, before proceeding with electrical diagnosis.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

HVAC Wiring Schematics

Connector End View Reference

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Description and Operation

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Electrical Information Reference

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- Connector Repairs
- Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections
- Wiring Repairs

Scan Tool Reference

Control Module References for scan tool information

Circuit/System Verification

1. Perform the Actuator Recalibration procedure.
2. Verify the concern or DTC has been corrected.
 - **If the concern or DTC has not been corrected**
 1. Verify DTC B023A is not set.
 - If DTC B023A is set, refer to Circuit/System Testing - DTC B023A.
 - If DTC B023A is not set, refer to Circuit/System Testing - DTC B0223, B0233, or B0408.
 - **Go to next step: If the concern or DTC has been corrected**
3. All OK.

Circuit/System Testing

DTC B023A

1. Ignition OFF and all vehicle systems OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the components listed below. It may take up to 2 min for all vehicle systems to power down.
 - M37 Mode Door Actuator
 - M46 Air Recirculation Door Actuator
 - M6 Air Temperature Door Actuator
2. Disconnect the harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module.

3. Test for infinite resistance between the K33 HVAC Control Module 12 V reference circuit terminal 15 and ground.

- **If less than infinite resistance**

Repair the short to ground on the circuit.

- **Go to next step: If infinite resistance**

4. Ignition ON.

5. Test for less than 1 V between the K33 HVAC Control Module 12 V reference circuit terminal 15 and ground.

- **If 1 V or greater**

Repair the short to voltage on the circuit.

- **Go to next step: If less than 1 V**

6. Connect the harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module, ignition ON.

7. Clear all DTCs.

8. Verify DTC B023A is not set.

- **If the DTC is set.**

Replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If the DTC is not set.**

9. Verify DTC B023A does not set after connecting each of the components listed below one at a time and operating them through their full range.

- M37 Mode Door Actuator
- M46 Air Recirculation Door Actuator
- M6 Air Temperature Door Actuator
- **If the DTC sets after connecting one of the components**

Replace the component that was connected immediately before the DTC set.

- **Go to next step: If the DTC does not set**

10. All OK.

DTC B0223, B0233, or B0408

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the appropriate door actuator, ignition ON.

2. Verify a test lamp illuminates between the B+ circuit terminal 2 and ground.

- **If the test lamp does not illuminate**

1. Disconnect the X3 harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module.

2. Test for infinite resistance between the B+ circuit and ground.

- If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
- Go to next step: If infinite resistance.

3. Test for less than 2 Ω in the B+ circuit end to end.

- If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
- If less than 2 Ω , replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If the test lamp illuminates**

3. Test for less than 1 V between ground and the control circuits listed below:

- Control Circuit - terminal 1
- Control Circuit - terminal 3

- Control Circuit - terminal 4
- Control Circuit - terminal 6
- **If 1 V or greater**

Repair the short to voltage on the circuit.

- **Go to next step: If less than 1 V**

4. Ignition OFF.

5. Test for infinite resistance between ground and the control circuits listed below:

- Control Circuit - terminal 1
- Control Circuit - terminal 3
- Control Circuit - terminal 4
- Control Circuit - terminal 6
- **If less than infinite resistance**

Repair the short to ground on the circuit.

- **Go to next step: If infinite resistance**

6. Disconnect the X3 harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module.

7. Test for less than 2 Ω end to end in the circuits listed below:

- Control Circuit - terminal 1
- Control Circuit - terminal 3
- Control Circuit - terminal 4
- Control Circuit - terminal 6
- B+ Circuit - terminal 2
- **If 2 Ω or greater**

Repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.

- **Go to next step: If less than 2 Ω**

NOTE: Before replacing an actuator, verify that there are no mechanical issues with the air control door and any associated components.

8. Test or replace the actuator.

9. Verify the symptom or DTC was corrected.

- **If the symptom or DTC was not corrected**

Replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If the symptom or DTC was corrected**

10. All OK.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

DTC B048D OR B048E

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

DTC Descriptors

DTC B048D 01

Auxiliary Heater Temperature Command Circuit Short to Battery

DTC B048D 06

Auxiliary Heater Temperature Command Circuit Low Voltage/Open

Diagnostic Fault Information

Circuit	Short to Ground	Open/High Resistance	Short to Voltage	Signal Performance
Ground	B048E 00	B048E 00	B048E 00	-
B+	B048E 00	B048E 00	B048E 00	-
Ignition	B048E 00	B048E 00	B048E 00	-
Control	B048D 06	B048D 06	B048D 01	-

Circuit/System Description

The request signal from the HVAC control module, battery positive, ignition and ground circuits enable the electrical auxiliary heater to operate. The HVAC control module sends a low side pulse width modulation (PWM) signal to request electrical auxiliary heater operation if the interior temperature is too low and additional heat is required.

Conditions for Running the DTC

- Ignition ON
- The HVAC control module is ON.
- The electrical auxiliary heater is ON.

Conditions for Setting the DTC

B048D 01

The voltage at the HVAC control module output to the electrical auxiliary heater is always high.

B048D 06

The voltage at the HVAC control module output to the electrical auxiliary heater is always low or floating.

Action Taken When the DTC Sets

The electrical auxiliary heater is inoperative.

Conditions for Clearing the DTC

The condition for setting the DTC is no longer present.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

[HVAC Wiring Schematics](#)

Connector End View Reference

[Master Electrical Component List](#) , or [Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index](#) or [Component Connector End Views - Index](#)

Description and Operation

[Manual HVAC Description and Operation](#)

Electrical Information Reference

- [Circuit Testing](#)
- [Connector Repairs](#)
- [Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections](#)
- [Wiring Repairs](#)

Scan Tool Reference

[Control Module References](#) for scan tool information

Circuit/System Testing

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the X2 harness connector at the E40 Electrical Auxiliary Heater. It may take up to 2 min for all vehicle systems to power down.
2. Test for less than 10 Ω between the ground circuit terminal 2 and ground.
 - **If 10 Ω or greater**
 1. Test for less than 2 Ω in the ground circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , repair the open/high resistance in the ground connection.
 - **Go to next step: If less than 10 Ω**
3. Verify a test lamp illuminates between the B+ circuit terminal 1 and ground.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is good**
 1. Remove the test lamp.
 2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the B+ circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , verify the fuse is not open and there is voltage at the fuse.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is open**
 1. Remove the test lamp.
 2. Test for infinite resistance between the B+ circuit terminal 1 and ground.
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
 - If infinite resistance, replace the E40 Electrical Auxiliary Heater.
 - **Go to next step: If the test lamp illuminates**
4. Remove the test lamp Disconnect the X1 harness connector at the E40 Electrical Auxiliary Heater, ignition ON.
5. Verify a test lamp illuminates between the ignition circuit terminal 2 X1 and ground.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is good**
 1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp.
 2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the ignition circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , verify the fuse is not open and there is voltage at the fuse.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is open**

1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp.
2. Test for infinite resistance between the ignition circuit terminal 2 X1 and ground.
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
 - If infinite resistance, replace the E40 Electrical Auxiliary Heater.
 - **Go to next step: If the test lamp illuminates**
6. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp and disconnect the X2 harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module, ignition ON.
7. Test for less than 1 V between the control circuit terminal 7 X2 at the K33 HVAC Control Module harness connector and ground.
 - **If greater than 1 V**

Repair the short to voltage on the circuit.

• **Go to next step: If less than 1 V**
8. Ignition OFF.
9. Test for infinite resistance between the control circuit terminal 7 X2 at the K33 HVAC Control Module harness connector and ground.
 - **If less than infinite resistance**

Repair the short to ground on the circuit.

• **Go to next step: If infinite resistance**
10. Test for less than 2 Ω between the K33 HVAC Control Module control circuit terminal 7 X2 and control circuit terminal 1 X1 at the E40 Electrical Auxiliary Heater harness connector.
 - **If greater than 2 Ω**

Repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.

• **Go to next step: If less than 2 Ω**
11. Replace the E40 Electrical Auxiliary Heater.
12. Operate the vehicle within the Conditions for Running the DTC. Verify the DTC does not reset.
 - **If DTC resets**

Replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

• **Go to next step: If DTC does not reset**
13. All OK.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

DTC B3933

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

DTC Descriptors

DTC B3933

Air Conditioning Evaporator Temperature Sensor Circuit

For symptom byte information, refer to [Symptom Byte List](#) .

Diagnostic Fault Information

Circuit	Short to Ground	Open/High Resistance	Short to Voltage	Signal Performance
Signal	B3933 02	B3933 05	B3933 05	-
Low Reference	-	B3933 05	-	-

Circuit/System Description

The air temperature sensors are a 2-wire negative temperature coefficient thermistor. The vehicle uses the following air temperature sensors:

- A/C evaporator temperature sensor

This sensor operates using signal and low reference circuits. As the air temperature surrounding the sensor increases, the sensor resistance decreases. The sensor is capable of reading temperatures ranging from -40 to +80B°C (-40 to +176B°F), with a signal voltage between 0 - 5 V. If the HVAC control module detects a malfunctioning sensor the software may utilize a default air temperature value and may disable the compressor.

Conditions for Running the DTC

- Ignition ON.
- The HVAC control module is ON.

Conditions for Setting the DTC

B3933 02

The HVAC control module detects the sensor signal out of range. The signal voltage is less than 0.1 V for more than 50 ms.

B3933 05

The HVAC control module detects the sensor signal out of range. The signal voltage is greater than 4.9 V for more than 50 ms.

Action Taken When the DTC Sets

- The system operates using a default value.
- The AC compressor clutch may become disengaged and cause poor AC performance.

Conditions for Clearing the DTC

The sensor signal is within specified range between 0.1 - 4.9 V.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

[HVAC Wiring Schematics](#)

Connector End View Reference

[Master Electrical Component List](#) , or [Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index](#) or [Component Connector End Views - Index](#)

Description and Operation

[Manual HVAC Description and Operation](#)

Electrical Information Reference

- [Circuit Testing](#)
- [Connector Repairs](#)
- [Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections](#)
- [Wiring Repairs](#)

Scan Tool Reference

[Control Module References](#) for scan tool information

[Circuit/System Testing](#)

1. Ignition OFF and all vehicle systems OFF, disconnect the B39 A/C Evaporator Temperature Sensor. It may take up to 10 min for all vehicle systems to power down.

NOTE: **The scan tool must be disconnected from the vehicle before performing the next test.**

2. Test for less than 10 Ω between the low reference circuit terminal B and ground.

- **If 10 Ω or greater**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module.
2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the low reference circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If less than 10 Ω**

3. Ignition ON.

4. Test for 4.8 - 5.2 V between the signal circuit terminal A and ground.

- **If less than 4.8 V**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module.
2. Test for infinite resistance between the signal circuit and ground.
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
 - Go to next step: If infinite resistance

3. Test for less than 2 Ω in the signal circuit end to end.

- If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
- If less than 2 Ω , replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **If greater than 5.2 V**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module, ignition ON.
2. Test for less than 1 V between the signal circuit and ground.
 - If 1 V or greater, repair the short to voltage on the circuit.
 - If less than 1 V, replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If between 4.8 - 5.2 V**

5. Replace the B39 A/C Evaporator Temperature Sensor.

6. Verify the DTC does not set or the symptom does not occur when operating the vehicle within the Conditions for Running the DTC.

- **If the DTC or symptom is not corrected**

Replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If the DTC or symptom is corrected**

7. All OK.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for HVAC control module replacement, programming and setup

DTC B393B

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

DTC Descriptor

DTC B393B 04

Air Conditioning Compressor Valve Control Circuit Open

DTC B393B 0B

Air Conditioning Compressor Valve Control Circuit High Current

Diagnostic Fault Information

Circuit	Short to Ground	Open/High Resistance	Short to Voltage	Signal Performance
Electric Variable Displacement B+	B393B 0B	B393B 04	-	-
Electric Variable Displacement Control	B393B 04	B393B 04	B393B 0B	-

Circuit/System Description

This A/C system uses a conventional clutch to engage and mechanically turn the compressor and a variable displacement solenoid valve to alter the amount of displacement created by the turning of the compressor. The HVAC control module provides both switched battery voltage and a pulse width modulated ground to the variable displacement solenoid valve. When the A/C switch is pressed, the HVAC control module grounds the variable displacement solenoid using a (PWM) signal in order to determine the amount of compressor displacement. The performance of the A/C compressor is based on adjusted interior temperature and engine load.

Conditions for Running the DTC

- Ignition ON.
- The HVAC control module is ON.

Conditions for Setting the DTC

B393B 04

A PWM greater than 10% is sent but no current is read back.

B393B 0B

Measured current is above threshold of 815 mA.

Action Taken When the DTC Sets

B393B 04

The A/C compressor is disabled.

B393B 0B

- The A/C compressor is disabled.
- Output will be switched off for hardware protection.

Conditions for Clearing the DTC

The condition for setting the DTC is no longer present.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

HVAC Wiring Schematics

Connector End View Reference

Master Electrical Component List , or Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index or Component Connector End Views - Index

Description and Operation

Manual HVAC Description and Operation

Electrical Information Reference

- Circuit Testing
- Connector Repairs
- Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections
- Wiring Repairs

Scan Tool Reference

Control Module References for scan tool information

Circuit/System Testing

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve. Connect a test light between terminals 1 and 2 of the harness connector. Ignition ON.
2. Verify the test light turns on and off when commanding the Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve ON and OFF with the scan tool.
 - **If the test light does not turn ON and OFF**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the X2 harness connector at the K33 HVAC Control Module, ignition ON.
2. Test for less than 1 V between ground and each control circuit terminal listed below:
 - terminal 10
 - terminal 11
 - If 1 V or greater, repair the short to voltage on the circuit.
 - Go to next step: If less than 1 V
3. Ignition OFF.
4. Test for infinite resistance between ground and each control circuit terminal listed below:
 - terminal 10
 - terminal 11
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
 - Go to next step: If infinite resistance
5. Test for less than 2 Ω in each of the control circuits end to end listed below:
 - Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve terminal 1 and K33 HVAC Control Module terminal 10
 - Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve terminal 2 and K33 HVAC Control Module terminal 11
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - Go to next step: If less than 2 Ω , replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.
- **Go to next step: If the test light turns ON and OFF**
3. Test the Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve or replace the G1 A/C Compressor.

Component Testing

A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve Test

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve.
2. Test for 7 - 15 Ω between B+ terminal 2 and control terminal 1.
 - **If less than 7 Ω or greater than 15 Ω**
Replace the G1 A/C Compressor.
 - **Go to next step: If between 7 - 15 Ω**
3. Test for infinite resistance between each terminal and the Q46 A/C Compressor Solenoid Valve housing/case.
 - **If less than infinite resistance**
Replace the G1 A/C Compressor.
 - **Go to next step: If infinite resistance**
4. All OK.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

DTC P0532 OR P0533

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of the diagnostic category.

DTC Descriptors

DTC P0532

Air Conditioning (A/C) Refrigerant Pressure Sensor Circuit Low Voltage

DTC P0533

Air Conditioning (A/C) Refrigerant Pressure Sensor Circuit High Voltage

Diagnostic Fault Information

Circuit	Short to Ground	Open/High Resistance	Short to Voltage	Signal Performance
5 V Reference	P0532	P0532	P0533	-
Signal	P0532	P0532	P0533	-
Low Reference	-	P0533	-	-

Circuit/System Description

The engine control module (ECM) monitors the high side refrigerant pressure through the A/C refrigerant pressure sensor. The ECM supplies a 5 V reference and a low reference to the sensor. Changes in the A/C refrigerant pressure cause the sensor signal to the ECM to vary. When the pressure is high, the signal voltage is high. When the pressure is low, the signal voltage is low. The ECM may use this information to turn the cooling fans on as well as to monitor clutch engagement. The HVAC module will receive the A/C refrigerant pressure information from the ECM via serial data.

Conditions for Running the DTC

- Engine is running.
- Any of the conditions for setting the DTC are met for 15 s.
- Battery voltage is between 11 - 18 V.

Conditions for Setting the DTC

P0532

The ECM detects that the A/C pressure is less than 1 psi (0.25 V).

P0533

The ECM detects that the A/C pressure is more than 428 psi (4.92 V).

Action Taken When the DTC Sets

- DTCs P0532 and P0533 are Type B DTCs
- The A/C compressor is disabled.
- The ECM will illuminate the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL).

Conditions for Clearing the DTC

The condition for setting the DTC is no longer present.

Diagnostic Aids

A malfunction within the refrigerant system causing high pressure can cause this DTC to set.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

HVAC Wiring Schematics

Connector End View Reference

Master Electrical Component List , or Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index or Component Connector End Views - Index

Description and Operation

Manual HVAC Description and Operation

Electrical Information Reference

- Circuit Testing
- Connector Repairs
- Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections
- Wiring Repairs

DTC Type Reference

Powertrain Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Type Definitions

Scan Tool Reference

Control Module References for scan tool information

Circuit/System Verification

1. Ignition ON
2. Verify the scan tool engine control module A/C High Side Pressure Sensor parameter is between 6.8 kPa (1 psi) and 2950 kPa (428 psi).
 - **If not between 6.8 kPa (1 psi) and 2950 kPa (428 psi)**

Refer to Circuit/System Testing

- **Go to next step: If between 6.8 kPa (1 psi) and 2950 kPa (428 psi)**

3. All OK

Circuit/System Testing

1. Ignition OFF and all vehicle systems OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the B1 A/C Refrigerant Pressure Sensor. It may take up to 2 min for all vehicle systems to power down.
2. Test for less than 10 Ω between the low reference circuit terminal 3 and ground.
 - **If 10 Ω or greater**
 1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the K20 Engine Control Module.
 2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the low reference circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , replace the K20 Engine Control Module.
 - **Go to next step: If less than 10 Ω**

3. Ignition ON.

4. Test for 4.8 - 5.2 V between the 5 V reference circuit terminal 1 and ground.

- **If less than 4.8 V**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the K20 Engine Control Module.

2. Test for infinite resistance between the 5 V reference circuit and ground.

- If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
- Go to next step: If infinite resistance

3. Test for less than 2 Ω in the 5 V reference circuit end to end.

- If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
- If less than 2 Ω , replace the K20 Engine Control Module.

- **If greater than 5.2 V**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the K20 Engine Control Module, ignition ON.

2. Test for less than 1 V between the 5 V reference circuit and ground.

- If 1 V or greater, repair the short to voltage on the circuit.
- If less than 1 V, replace the K20 Engine Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If between 4.8 - 5.2 V**

5. Verify the scan tool A/C High Side Pressure Sensor parameter is less than .25 V.

- **If .25 V or greater**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the K20 Engine Control Module, ignition ON.

2. Test for less than 1 V between the signal circuit terminal 2 and ground.

- If 1 V or greater, repair the short to voltage on the circuit.
- If less than 1 V, replace the K20 Engine Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If less than .25 V**

6. Install a 3 A fused jumper wire between the signal circuit terminal 2 and the 5 V reference circuit terminal 1.

7. Verify the scan tool A/C High Side Pressure Sensor parameter is greater than 4.8 V.

- **If 4.8 V or less**

1. Ignition OFF, remove the jumper wire, disconnect the harness connector at the K20 Engine Control Module.

2. Test for infinite resistance between the signal circuit and ground.

- If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
- Go to next step: If infinite resistance

3. Test for less than 2 Ω in the signal circuit end to end.

- If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
- If less than 2 Ω , replace the K20 Engine Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If greater than 4.8 V**

8. Test or replace the B1 A/C Refrigerant Pressure Sensor.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

DTC P0645, P0646, OR P0647

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

DTC Descriptors

DTC P0645

Air Conditioning (A/C) Compressor Clutch Relay Control Circuit

DTC P0646

Air Conditioning (A/C) Compressor Clutch Relay Control Circuit Low Voltage

DTC P0647

Air Conditioning (A/C) Compressor Clutch Relay Control Circuit High Voltage

Diagnostic Fault Information

Circuit	Short to Ground	Open/High Resistance	Short to Voltage	Signal Performance
Relay Switch B+	1	1	-	-
Relay Coil Ignition	P0645	P0645	-	-
Relay Coil Control	P0646	P0645	P0647	-
Relay Switch Control	1	1	1	-
Ground	-	1	-	-
1. A/C Compressor Malfunction				

Circuit/System Description

When the A/C switch is pressed, the HVAC control module sends an A/C request message to the engine control module (ECM) via serial data. The ECM then grounds the A/C compressor clutch relay coil control circuit, closing the relay contacts. The closed relay contacts provide voltage to the compressor clutch causing it to engage.

Conditions for Running the DTC

- Engine is running.
- The HVAC control module is ON.
- The A/C switch is active.

Conditions for Setting the DTC

P0645 or P0646

The ECM detects a short to ground or an open at the A/C compressor clutch relay control circuit.

P0647

The ECM detects a short to voltage at the A/C compressor clutch relay control circuit.

Action Taken When the DTC Sets

P0645 or P0646

The A/C compressor is inoperative or always active. The A/C compressor solenoid is commanded to 0% displacement. This causes warm air from the ducts, even with unwanted clutch engagement.

P0647

The A/C compressor is inoperative.

Conditions for Clearing the DTC

The condition for setting the DTC is no longer present.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

HVAC Wiring Schematics

Connector End View Reference

Master Electrical Component List , or Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index or Component Connector End Views - Index

Description and Operation

Manual HVAC Description and Operation

Electrical Information Reference

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- Connector Repairs
- Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections
- Wiring Repairs

DTC Type Reference

Powertrain Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Type Definitions

Scan Tool Reference

Control Module References for scan tool information

Circuit/System Testing

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the KR29 A/C Compressor Clutch Relay, ignition ON.
2. Verify a test lamp illuminates between the B+ circuit terminal 30 and ground.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is good**
 1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp.
 2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the B+ circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , verify the fuse is not open and there is voltage at the fuse.
 - **If the test lamp does not illuminate and the circuit fuse is open**
 1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp.
 2. Test for infinite resistance between the B+ circuit and ground.
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
 - Go to next step: If infinite resistance
 3. Disconnect the harness connector at the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch.
 4. Test for infinite resistance between the control circuit terminal 87 and ground.
 - If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.

- If infinite resistance, test or replace the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch.

- **Go to next step: If the test lamp illuminates**

3. Ignition ON.

4. Verify a test lamp illuminates between the ignition circuit terminal 86 and ground.

- **If the test lamp does not illuminate**

Refer to [Power Mode Mismatch](#) .

- **Go to next step: If the test lamp illuminates**

5. Connect a test lamp between the ignition circuit terminal 86 and the control circuit terminal 85.

6. Verify the test lamp turns ON and OFF when commanding the ECM A/C Compressor Clutch Relay On and Off with a scan tool.

- **If the test lamp is always OFF**

1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp and disconnect the harness connector at the K20 Engine Control Module, ignition ON.

2. Test for less than 1 V between the control circuit and ground.

- If 1 V or greater, repair the short to voltage on the circuit.
- Go to next step: If less than 1 V

3. Ignition OFF.

4. Test for less than 2 Ω in the control circuit end to end.

- If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
- If less than 2 Ω , replace the K20 Engine Control Module.

- **If the test lamp is always ON**

1. Ignition OFF, remove the test lamp and disconnect the harness connector at the K20 Engine Control Module.

2. Test for infinite resistance between the control circuit and ground.

- If less than infinite resistance, repair the short to ground on the circuit.
- If infinite resistance, replace the K20 Engine Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If the test lamp turns ON and OFF**

7. Verify a test lamp does not illuminate between the control circuit terminal 87 and ground.

- **If the test lamp illuminates**

Repair the short to voltage on the circuit.

- **Go to next step: If the test lamp does not illuminate**

8. Ignition OFF and all vehicle systems OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch. It may take up to 10 min for all vehicle systems to power down.

9. Test for less than 10 Ω between the ground circuit terminal 1 and ground.

- **If 10 Ω or greater**

1. Ignition OFF.

2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the ground circuit end to end.

- If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
- If less than 2 Ω , repair the open/high resistance in the ground connection.

- **Go to next step: If less than 10 Ω**

10. Connect the harness connector at the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch.

11. Ignition ON, connect a 10 A fused jumper wire between the B+ circuit terminal 30 and the control circuit terminal 87.

12. Verify the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch is engaged.

- **If the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch does not engage**

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the harness connector at the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch.
2. Test for less than 2 Ω in the control circuit end to end.
 - If 2 Ω or greater, repair the open/high resistance in the circuit.
 - If less than 2 Ω , test or replace the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch.

- **Go to next step: If the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch is engaged**

13. Test or replace the KR29 A/C Compressor Clutch Relay.

Component Testing

1. Ignition OFF, disconnect the KR29 A/C Compressor Clutch Relay.
2. Test for 60 - 180 Ω between terminals 85 and 86.

- **If not between 60 - 180 Ω**

Replace the KR29 A/C Compressor Clutch Relay.

- **Go to next step: If between 60 - 180 Ω**

3. Test for infinite resistance between the terminals listed below:

- 30 and 86
- 30 and 87
- 30 and 85
- 85 and 87

- **If less than infinite resistance**

Replace the KR29 A/C Compressor Clutch Relay.

- **Go to next step: If infinite resistance**

4. Install a 15 A fused jumper wire between terminal 86 and 12 V. Install a jumper wire between terminal 85 and ground.
5. Test for less than 2 Ω between terminals 30 and 87.
 - **If 2 Ω or greater**

Replace the KR29 A/C Compressor Clutch Relay.

- **Go to next step: If less than 2 Ω**

6. All OK.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

SYMPTOMS - HVAC SYSTEMS - MANUAL

NOTE: The following steps must be completed before using the symptom tables:

1. Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) before using the HVAC System Malfunction procedure in order to verify that all of the following are true:
 - There are no DTCs set.
 - The control modules can communicate via the serial data link.

2. Review the system operation in order to familiarize yourself with the system functions. Refer to [Manual HVAC Description and Operation](#).

Visual/Physical Inspection

- Inspect for aftermarket devices which may affect the operation of the HVAC System.
- Inspect the easily accessible or visible system components for obvious damage or conditions which may cause the symptom.
- Verify the A/C compressor turns freely and is not seized.
- Verify that the customer is using the correct key to enable personalization and is not inadvertently activating auxiliary HVAC controls.
- The A/C compressor will not operate in cold outside air temperatures.
- The following conditions may cause window fogging:
 - Wet carpet or mats
 - High humidity
 - Interior water leak
 - Blocked A/C evaporator drain tube
 - Maximum passenger capacity
 - Blocked body pressure relief valves
- Inspect the air distribution system for causes of reduced air flow:
 - Obstructed or dirty passenger compartment air filter, if equipped
 - Blocked or damaged air inlet or outlet vents

Intermittent

Faulty electrical connections or wiring may be the cause of intermittent conditions. Refer to [Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections](#).

Symptom List

Refer to [HVAC System Malfunction](#) in order to diagnose the symptom:

HVAC SYSTEM MALFUNCTION

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

Diagnostic Aids

Check the following mechanical fault sources:

- Air distribution box
- Air distribution hoses/air distribution ducts

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

[HVAC Wiring Schematics](#)

Connector End View Reference

[Master Electrical Component List](#) , or [Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index](#) or [Component Connector End Views - Index](#)

Description and Operation

[Manual HVAC Description and Operation](#)

Electrical Information Reference

- [Circuit Testing](#)
- [Connector Repairs](#)
- [Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections](#)
- [Wiring Repairs](#)

Scan Tool Reference

[Control Module References](#) for scan tool information

Circuit/System Verification

NOTE: Check for bulletins before proceeding.

1. Ignition ON.
2. Verify every applicable scan tool Switch parameter changes when pressing the appropriate switch on the A26 HVAC Controls.
 - **If any parameter does not change**
Replace the A26 HVAC Controls.
 - **Go to next step: If all parameters change**
3. Verify the blower motor operates properly with the blower motor switch in each speed position.
 - **If the blower motor does not operate properly in each speed position**
Refer to [DTC B0193](#).
 - **Go to next step: If the blower motor operates properly in each speed position**
4. Verify all HVAC doors move when pressing the appropriate switch.
 - **If any HVAC door does not move**
Refer to [DTC B0223, B0233, B023A, or B0408](#).
 - **Go to next step: If all HVAC doors move**
5. Install the appropriate ACR Air Conditioning Recharge Service Center.
6. Verify the high side pressure reading on the Air Conditioning Service Center is within 10% of the scan tool A/C High Side Pressure Sensor parameter.
 - **If the reading is not within 10%**
Refer to [DTC P0532 or P0533](#).
 - **Go to next step: If the reading is within 10%**
7. Verify the A/C High Side Pressure Sensor parameter is between 269-2929 kPa (39-425 PSI).
 - **If the reading is not between 269-2929 kPa (39-425 PSI)**
Refer to [Air Conditioning \(A/C\) System Performance Test \(LCV\)](#) , or [Air Conditioning \(A/C\) System Performance Test \(LWN\)](#) , or [Air Conditioning \(A/C\) System Performance Test \(LGZ\)](#).

- **Go to next step: If the reading is between 269-2929 kPa (39-425 PSI)**

8. Verify the scan tool A/C Evaporator Temperature Sensor parameter listed is within 10% of ambient temperature.

- **If not within 10% of ambient temperature**

Refer to [DTC B3933](#).

- **Go to next step: If within 10% of ambient temperature**

9. Engine ON, A/C system ON.

10. Verify cool air flows from the ducts with the temperature control in the coldest position.

- **If the air is not cool**

1. Verify the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch is engaged.

- If the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch is not engaged, refer to [Air Conditioning Compressor Malfunction](#).
- If the Q2 A/C Compressor Clutch is engaged, refer to [Air Conditioning \(A/C\) System Performance Test \(LCV\)](#), or [Air Conditioning \(A/C\) System Performance Test \(LWN\)](#), or [Air Conditioning \(A/C\) System Performance Test \(LGZ\)](#), and [DTC B393B](#).

- **Go to next step: If the air is cool**

11. Verify warm air flows from the ducts with the temperature control in the warmest position.

- **If the air is not warm**

Refer to [Heating Performance Diagnostic](#).

- **Go to next step: If the air is warm**

12. Verify the Auxiliary Electric Heater (if equipped) is operating properly.

- **If the Auxiliary Electric Heater is not operating properly**

Refer to [DTC B048D or B048E](#)

- Go to next step: If the Auxiliary Electric Heater is operating properly.

13. All OK.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR MALFUNCTION

Diagnostic Instructions

- Perform the [Diagnostic System Check - Vehicle](#) prior to using this diagnostic procedure.
- Review [Strategy Based Diagnosis](#) for an overview of the diagnostic approach.
- [Diagnostic Procedure Instructions](#) provides an overview of each diagnostic category.

Circuit/System Description

The A/C compressor uses a conventional belt driven magnetic clutch to engage and mechanically turn the compressor. When the A/C switch is pressed, the HVAC control module sends an A/C request message to the ECM via serial data. If specific criteria is met, the ECM then grounds the A/C compressor clutch relay control circuit, which will switch the A/C compressor clutch relay. With the relay contacts closed, battery voltage is supplied to the permanently grounded A/C compressor clutch. The A/C compressor clutch will then be activated.

This A/C system utilizes a variable displacement solenoid valve to alter the amount of displacement created by the turning of the compressor. The HVAC control module provides both battery voltage and a pulse width modulated ground to the variable displacement solenoid valve. When the A/C switch is pressed, the HVAC control module grounds the variable displacement solenoid using a (PWM) signal in order to determine the amount of compressor displacement. The performance of the A/C compressor is regulated based on the adjusted interior temperature.

Diagnostic Aids

The following conditions must be met in order to turn on the A/C compressor:

- Battery voltage is between 9 - 18 V.
- Engine coolant temperature is less than 124B°C (255B°F).
- Engine speed is greater than 600 RPM.
- Engine speed is less than 5 500 RPM.
- A/C high side pressure is between 269 - 2 929 kPa (39 - 425 PSI).
- Throttle position is less than 100%.
- Evaporator temperature is greater than 3B°C (38B°F).
- ECM does not detect excessive torque load.
- ECM does not detect insufficient idle quality.
- The ambient temperature sensor senses above 1B°C (34B°F).
- Blower motor is ON.

Reference Information

Schematic Reference

HVAC Wiring Schematics

Connector End View Reference

Master Electrical Component List , or Inline Harness Connector End Views - Index or Component Connector End Views - Index

Description and Operation

Manual HVAC Description and Operation

Electrical Information Reference

- Circuit Testing
- Connector Repairs
- Testing for Intermittent Conditions and Poor Connections
- Wiring Repairs

Scan Tool Reference

Control Module References for scan tool information

Circuit/System Verification

NOTE: Refer to HVAC System Malfunction before performing this procedure.

1. Ignition ON, press and release the A/C Switch.
2. Verify the HVAC control module scan tool A/C Switch parameter changes between Active and Inactive.

- **If the parameter does not change**

Replace the A26 HVAC Controls.

- **Go to next step: If the parameter changes**

3. Set A/C system to coolest setting with blower ON.

4. Press and release the A/C switch several times.

5. Verify the ECM scan tool A/C Request Signal parameter changes between Active and Inactive.

- **If the parameter does not change**

Replace the K33 HVAC Control Module.

- **Go to next step: If the parameter changes**

6. Verify the A/C compressor clutch engages when commanding the ECM A/C Relay output function On and Off with a scan tool.

- **If the A/C compressor clutch does not engage**

Refer to [DTC P0645, P0646, or P0647](#)

- **Go to next step: If the A/C compressor clutch engages**

7. Engine running.

8. Verify the HVAC control module scan tool A/C Compressor Refrigerant Solenoid Valve Command parameter changes with varying cooling loads.

- **If the parameter does not change**

Refer to [DTC B393B](#)

- **Go to next step: If the parameter does change**

9. All OK.

Repair Instructions

Perform the [Diagnostic Repair Verification](#) after completing the repair.

- [HVAC Component Replacement Reference](#)
- [Control Module References](#) for control module replacement, programming and setup

AFTERBLOW CONFIGURATION

Afterblow is a feature that dries the evaporator core by operating the blower motor after the engine is turned off. This aids in reducing microbial growth that can create undesirable odors.

The default Afterblow Configuration for this vehicle is: Afterblow Disabled.

If a change to the default setting is needed due to a customer concern, use the following procedure to select the desired configuration:

1. Connect the Scan Tool.
2. Ignition ON/ Vehicle in Service Mode
3. Select Module Diagnostics.
4. Select HVAC Control Module.
5. Select Configuration/Reset Functions.
6. Select HVAC Afterblow Configuration.

When afterblow is enabled, the following conditions must be met for the HVAC control module to operate afterblow:

- The vehicle must be OFF.
- The A/C compressor must have been operating for more than 4 minutes before the vehicle was turned OFF.
- The outside air temperature must have been at least 11B°C (52B°F) when the compressor was last operating before the vehicle was turned OFF.
- The system voltage must be above 12 V.

Once the above conditions have been met, the blower motor will operate at a low blower speed, following the sequence below:

1. The blower motor will be operate at approximately 14 min., 22 min., 30 min., and 38 min. after the vehicle has been turned OFF.
2. The blower motor will operate for approximately 20 - 60 seconds each time.

ACTUATOR RECALIBRATION

Preferred Method (with Scan Tool)

NOTE: Do not operate any HVAC controls while the HVAC control module is calibrating as this may interrupt the process. If interrupted, improper HVAC performance will result.

1. Using a scan tool, perform the HVAC Actuators Learn in the HVAC Control Module.
2. Follow the scan tool directions to complete the procedure.
3. Operate the system and verify that no DTCs have set as current DTCs.
4. If DTC B101E 4B is set after attempting the actuator recalibration procedure, perform the following:
 1. Verify which actuator does not have a scan tool learn status parameter status of complete.
 2. Verify the unlearned actuator is physically rotating - A common cause of DTC B101E 4B is an actuator that is electrically OK but fails to physically rotate (e.g. stripped gears).
 3. If the unlearned actuator is not physically rotating, replace the actuator, otherwise replace the HVAC control module.

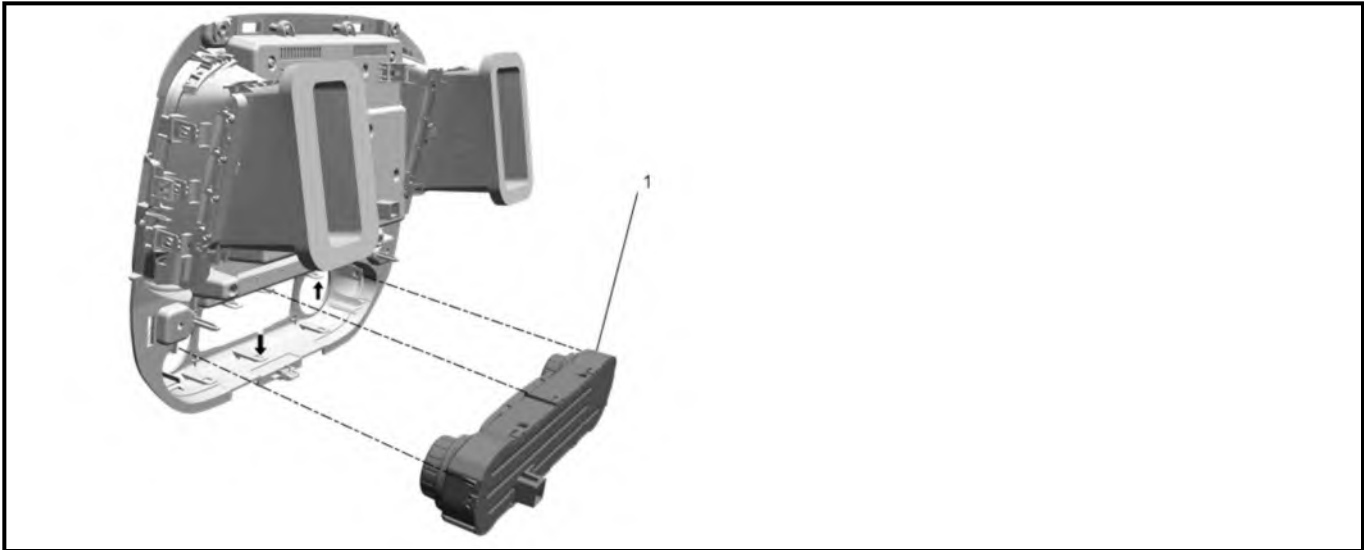
Alternate Method (without Scan Tool)

NOTE: Do not operate any HVAC controls while the HVAC control module is calibrating as this may interrupt the process. If interrupted, improper HVAC performance will result.

1. Ignition OFF/ Vehicle OFF.
2. Remove the HVAC control module fuse for a minimum of 10 s.
3. Install the HVAC control module fuse.
4. Start the vehicle.
5. Wait 40 s for the HVAC control module to self-calibrate.

REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

HEATER AND AIR CONDITIONING CONTROL REPLACEMENT



NOTE: Callouts in the following chart represent components shown in graphic above.

Callout	Component Name
Preliminary Procedure Remove the radio control assembly. Refer to Radio Control Assembly Replacement (IOS, IOU) .	
1	Heater and Air Conditioning Control Procedure Using a suitable tool release the detent's to remove heater and air conditioning control.

HEATER AND AIR CONDITIONING REMOTE CONTROL REPLACEMENT

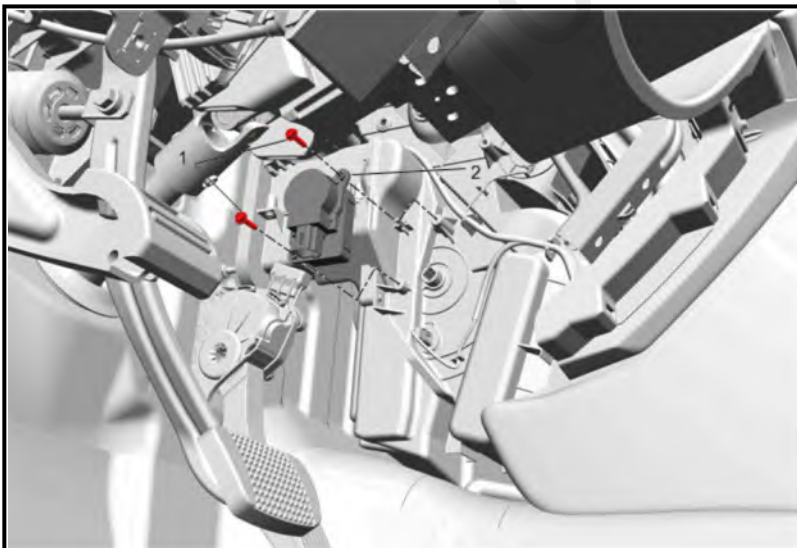


NOTE: Callouts in the following chart represent components shown in graphic above.

Callout	Component Name
Preliminary Procedure Instrument Panel Accessory Bezel Replacement	
NOTE: If the vehicle battery has NOT been disconnected, and the HVAC remote	

Callout	Component Name
module is disconnected, when reinstalling or reconnecting the modules electrical connectors, the BROWN J2 electrical connector must be connected last. Once the vehicle has been reassembled, check and clear all DTCs in the HVAC module.	
1	Heater and Air Conditioning Remote Control Procedures 1. Disconnect the heater and air conditioning remote control module connectors. 2. Perform the necessary programming and setup procedure: Control Module References 3. Perform the actuator calibration procedure. Actuator Recalibration

TEMPERATURE VALVE ACTUATOR REPLACEMENT

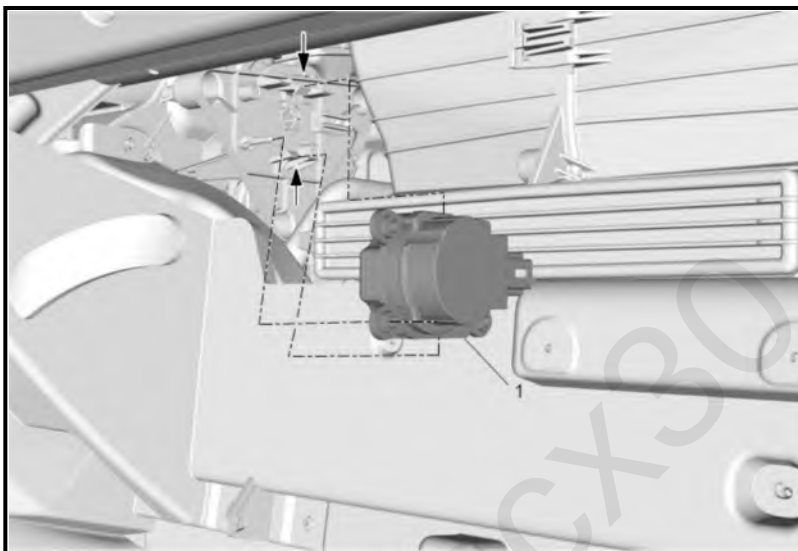


NOTE: Callouts in the following chart represent components shown in graphic above.

Callout	Component Name
Preliminary Procedure Floor Front Air Outlet Duct Replacement - Left Side	
1	Temperature Valve Actuator Fastener [2x]

Callout	Component Name
	CAUTION: Refer to Fastener Caution . Tighten 1.3 N.m (12 lb in)
2	Temperature Valve Actuator Preliminary Procedures 1. Disconnect the electrical connector. 2. Perform the actuator calibration procedure. Actuator Recalibration

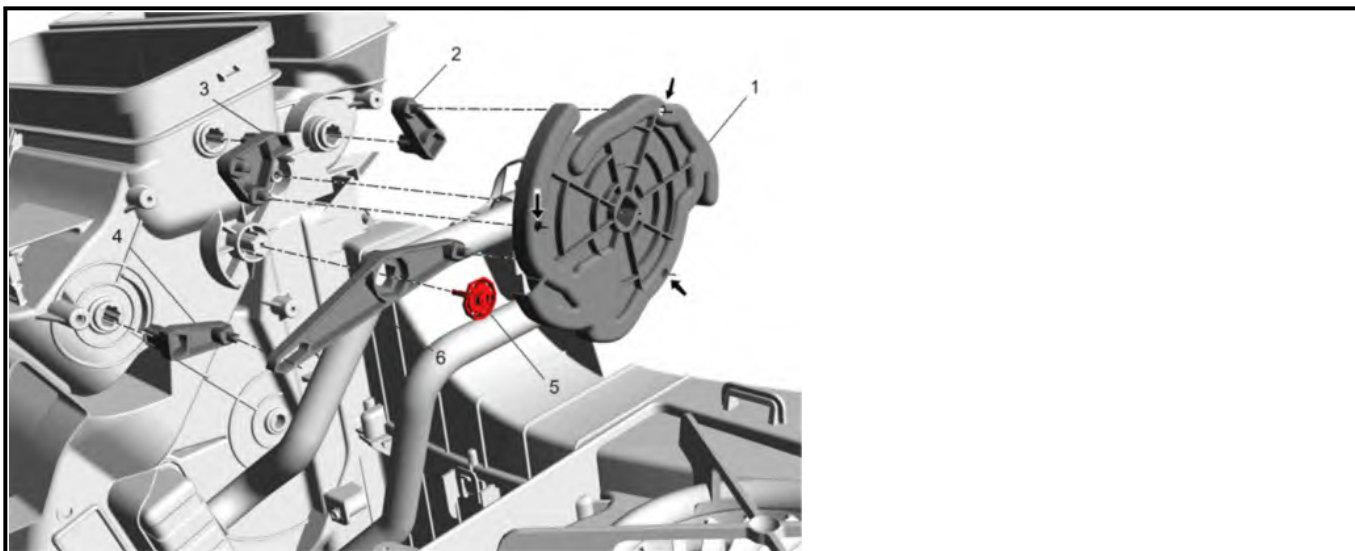
MODE VALVE ACTUATOR REPLACEMENT



NOTE: Callouts in the following chart represent components shown in graphic above.

Callout	Component Name
Preliminary Procedure Instrument Panel Compartment Door Replacement	
1	Mode Valve Actuator Procedures 1. Disconnect the mode valve actuator electrical connector. 2. Un-clip the mode valve actuator from heater and air conditioning control bracket. 3. Perform the actuator re-calibration procedure. Refer to Actuator Recalibration.

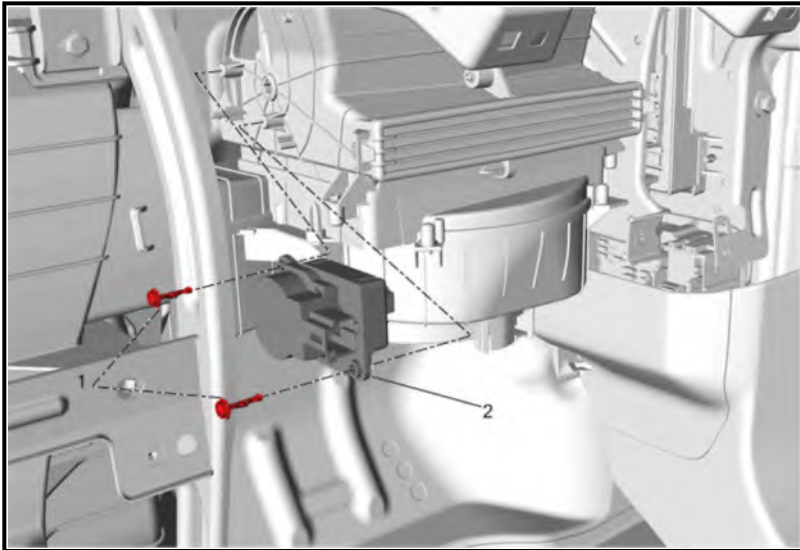
MODE CONTROL CAM REPLACEMENT



NOTE: Callouts in the following chart represent components shown in graphic above.

Callout	Component Name
Preliminary Procedure <u>Heater and Air Conditioning Control Bracket Replacement</u>	
1	Mode Control Cam Procedures 1. Inspect the mode control cam and replace as necessary. 2. Reassemble the cam, levers and links and position as shown above. 3. For proper alignment of the mode control cam, the levers and the link studs should align with the round windows on the cam indicated by the arrows.
2	Defroster Valve Lever Procedure Inspect the defroster valve lever and replace as necessary.
3	Vent Valve Lever Procedure Inspect the vent valve lever and replace as necessary.
4	Floor Valve lever Procedure Inspect the floor valve lever and replace as necessary.
5	Mode Valve Link Fastener CAUTION: Refer to <u>Fastener Caution</u> . Tighten 1.5 N.m (13 lb in)
6	Mode Valve Link Procedure Inspect the mode valve link and replace as necessary.

AIR INLET VALVE ACTUATOR REPLACEMENT



NOTE: Callouts in the following chart represent components shown in graphic above.

Callout	Component Name
Preliminary Procedure <u>Instrument Panel Compartment Door Replacement</u>	
1	Air Inlet Valve Actuator Fastener [2x] CAUTION: Refer to <u>Fastener</u> <u>Caution</u> . Tighten 1.3 N.m (12 lb in)
2	Air Inlet Valve Actuator Procedures 1. Disconnect the electrical connector. 2. Perform the actuator calibration procedure. <u>Actuator Recalibration</u>

AIR CONDITIONING EVAPORATOR AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR REPLACEMENT



NOTE: Callouts in the following chart represent components shown in graphic above.

Callout	Component Name
1	Air Conditioning Evaporator Air Temperature Sensor Procedures 1. Disconnect the air conditioning evaporator air temperature sensor electrical connector. 2. Using light pressure pull back the locking tab and rotate air conditioning evaporator air temperature sensor quarter of a turn counter clock wise to remove the sensor from the heater case.

DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

MANUAL HVAC DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

The air temperature and the air delivery description and operation are divided into seven areas:

- HVAC Control Components
- Air Speed
- Air Delivery
- Heating and A/C Operation
- Recirculation Operation
- Auxiliary Electric Heater
- Engine Coolant and A/C System Refrigerant

HVAC Control Components

HVAC Controls

The HVAC controls contains all switches, which are required to control the functions of HVAC and serve as interface between the operator and the HVAC control module. The selected values are passed to the HVAC control module via LIN-Bus.

HVAC Control Module

The HVAC control module is a GMLAN device that interfaces between the operator and the HVAC system to maintain and control desired air temperature and air distribution settings. The battery positive voltage circuit provides power that the HVAC control module uses for keep alive memory. If the battery positive voltage circuit loses power, all HVAC DTCs and settings will be erased from keep alive memory. The body control module (BCM), which is the vehicle mode master, provides a device ON-Signal. The HVAC control module provides blower, air delivery mode and air temperature settings.

Actuators

Doors in the HVAC case assembly are used to control air flow. The HVAC control module operates the doors through the use of actuators, with one actuator being used for each door. The system has the following air control doors and associated actuators: mode, temperature, and recirculation.

Each actuator used in the system is a 5-wire stepper motor. The HVAC control module supplies a 12 V reference voltage to the stepper motor and energizes the 4 stepper motor coils with a pulsed ground signal. The stepper motor moves the associated air control door into the calculated position in order to reach the selected position. The null point of the stepper motor will be calibrated, if the stepper motor is new. When the stepper

motor is calibrated, the HVAC control module can drive the applicable coil to reach exactly the desired position of the door.

Blower Motor

The blower motor speed control signal from the HVAC Control Module, battery positive and ground circuits enable the blower motor to operate. The blower motor control circuitry is integrated within the blower motor assembly. The HVAC Control Module provides a pulse width modulation (PWM) signal to the blower motor to request a specific motor speed. The blower motor translates the PWM signal and drives the motor accordingly. As the requested blower speed increases, the HVAC control module increases the amount of time that the speed signal is modulated to ground. As the requested blower speed decreases, the HVAC control module decreases the amount of time that the signal is modulated to ground.

Evaporator Temperature Sensor

The evaporator temperature sensor is a 2-wire negative temperature coefficient thermistor. The sensor operates within a temperature range of -40 to +85B°C (-40 to +185B°F). The sensor is installed near the evaporator core to measure the air temperature exiting the core.

Based on vehicle operating conditions and operator settings, the HVAC software algorithms will determine a target evaporator air temperature. The operation of the compressor solenoid will be adjusted as needed to quickly reach and maintain the targeted temperature.

A/C Refrigerant Pressure Sensor

The A/C refrigerant pressure sensor is a 3-wire piezoelectric pressure transducer. The 5 V reference voltage, low reference, and signal circuits enable the sensor to operate. The A/C pressure signal can be between 0.2 - 4.8 V. When the A/C refrigerant pressure is low, the signal value is near 0 V. When the A/C refrigerant pressure is high, the signal value is near 5 V. The engine control module (ECM) converts the voltage signal to a pressure value. When pressure is too high or too low, the ECM will not allow the A/C compressor clutch to engage.

A/C Compressor

The A/C compressor uses a conventional belt driven magnetic clutch to engage and mechanically turn the compressor. When the A/C switch is pressed, the HVAC control module sends an A/C request message to the ECM via serial data. If specific criteria is met, the ECM then grounds the A/C compressor clutch relay control circuit, which will switch the A/C compressor clutch relay. With the relay contacts closed, battery voltage is supplied to the permanently grounded A/C compressor clutch. The A/C compressor clutch will then be activated.

This A/C system utilizes a variable displacement solenoid valve to alter the amount of displacement created by the turning of the compressor. The HVAC control module provides both battery voltage and a pulse width modulated ground to the variable displacement solenoid valve. When the A/C switch is pressed, the HVAC control module grounds the variable displacement solenoid using a (PWM) signal in order to determine the amount of compressor displacement. The performance of the A/C compressor is regulated based on the adjusted interior temperature.

Air Speed

The blower control switch is part of the HVAC controls. The selected value of the blower switch position is sent to the HVAC control module via LIN-Bus.

The HVAC control module provides a PWM signal to the blower motor in order to command the desired blower motor speed.

Afterblow

Afterblow is a feature that dries the evaporator core by operating the blower motor after the engine is turned OFF under certain conditions. This reduces the amount of microbial growth that can create undesirable odors.

For additional information on afterblow, the default setting, and changing the setting, refer to [Afterblow Configuration](#).

Air Delivery

The desired air distribution mode can be selected with the air distribution switches at the HVAC controls. The HVAC controls deliver the values to the HVAC control module via LIN-Bus. The HVAC control module controls the air distribution actuator so that it drives the door to the calculated position. Depending on the position of the door, air is distributed through various ducts leading to the outlets in the dash. Turning the mode door to the defrost position, the HVAC control module will move the recirculation actuator to outside air, reducing window fogging. When defrost is selected, the blower motor will be activated, regardless of the coolant temperature. The HVAC control module enables a high volume of air delivered to the front defrost vents. A/C is available in all modes.

The rear window defogger does not affect the HVAC system.

Heating and A/C Operation

The purpose of the heating and A/C system is to provide heated and cooled air to the interior of the vehicle. The A/C system will also remove humidity from the interior and reduce windshield fogging. Regardless of the temperature setting, the following can affect the rate that the HVAC system can achieve the desired temperature:

- Recirculation actuator setting
- Difference between inside and desired temperature
- Blower motor speed setting
- Mode setting

This vehicle may be equipped with a low voltage positive temperature coefficient cabin air heater. This is an electrical grid heater located in the HVAC case consisting of three 330 W stages used to heat the passenger compartment under cold conditions. When max temperature is selected and the engine coolant has not yet reached a sufficient temperature, the cabin air heater will be cycled on by the HVAC control module. The HVAC control module will monitor conditions in order to determine when to reduce or turn off the electrical cabin air heater.

When the A/C switch is pressed, the HVAC controls send a signal to the HVAC control module via LIN-Bus. The HVAC control module evaluates this signal and sends an A/C request signal to the ECM via CAN-Bus. The ECM checks all preconditions before releasing and if all conditions are met sends a release signal back to the HVAC control module.

The following conditions must be met in order to activate the A/C compressor:

- Battery voltage is between 9 - 18 V
- Engine coolant temperature is less than 124B°C (255B°F)
- Engine speed is greater than 600 RPM
- Engine speed is less than 5 500 RPM
- A/C high side pressure is between 269 - 2 929 kPa (39 - 425 PSI)
- Throttle position is less than 100%
- Evaporator temperature is greater than 3B°C (38B°F)
- ECM does not detect excessive torque load
- ECM does not detect insufficient idle quality
- The ambient temperature is above 1B°C (34B°F)

The A/C high side pressure sensor information is used by the ECM to determine the following:

- The A/C high side pressure

- An A/C system load on the engine
- An immoderate A/C high side pressure
- The heat load at the A/C condenser

The air streams into the passenger compartment through the heater core and the evaporator core. The air temperature actuator drives the mixed air door to determine the path of the incoming air. If the interior temperature should be increased, the mixed air door is put into the position in which more air streams through the heater core. If the interior temperature should be decreased, the mixed air door is put into the position in which more air streams through the evaporator core.

Recirculation Operation

The recirculation switch is integrated into the HVAC control. The selected recirculation setting is sent to the HVAC control module via LIN-Bus. The HVAC control module controls the air intake using the recirculation actuator. In recirculation mode the recirculation door is positioned to block outside air from entering and circulate the air within the vehicle. In outside air mode the recirculation door is positioned to route outside air into the vehicle.

Recirculation is only available if the defrost mode is not active. When the defrost mode is active, the recirculation actuator positions the recirculation door so that outside air is circulated to the windshield to reduce fogging.

Auxiliary Electric Heater (Diesel ONLY)

Models equipped with a diesel engine are also equipped with an auxiliary electric heater grid to provide faster cabin warm-ups in cold climates. The auxiliary heater grid is mounted in the low-center of the HVAC module, where heat is transferred from the grid to air which is directed to the floor outlet ducts.

The auxiliary heater is enabled only when the cabin temperature is set to MAX, the engine coolant temperature is less than 80B°C (176B°F), and the outside air temperature is below 12B°C (54B°F). When engine coolant temperature rises above 80B°C (176B°F), the temperature control is moved away from the MAX position, or the outside air temperature is above 12B°C (54B°F), the auxiliary electric heater is disabled, and cabin heat is managed only by the coolant-based heater core and temperature door position. If the auxiliary electric heater is activated and then turns off, it can actuate once again if the engine coolant temperature drops below 75B°C (167B°F), or the outside air temperature drops below 8B°C (46B°F).

The actual amount of heat output from the auxiliary electric heater can vary and is dependant upon internal overheating protection, battery state of charge, and other vehicle electrical load requirements.

Engine Coolant and A/C System Refrigerant

For information on engine coolant, coolant flow, A/C refrigerant, and the A/C refrigerant cycle, refer to [**Heating and Air Conditioning System Description and Operation**](#) .
